The GAZETTE, OF THE State of South-Carolina.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 8, 1778. [No. 2093.]

CHARLES-TOWN, June 24th, 1778.

REDUCED, by the dreadful Calamity of Fire, which befell this Town on the 15th of January laſt, to begin the World anew, at an advanced Period of Life,—encouraged by the favourable Reception his Endeavours to promote the General Good have always met with—and thence flattering himſelf, that a Continuation of his Publications may ſtill have ſuch Tendency—being alſo deſirous of rendering a juſt public Tribute of Gratitude to the zealous Attachment and faithful Services of Mr. Nicholas Boden, the Perſon lately in his Employ—Mr. Timothy, notwithſtanding the peculiar Difficulties that muſt attend it, this Day reſumes the Publication of the GAZETTE of this STATE, with the ſaid Mr. Boden, (to whoſe Induſtry and Skill in his Profeſſion he owes the Building of *The firſt Carolina Printing-Preſs*) upon the following

NEW CONDITIONS:

I. The Price to Town Subſcribers to be Four Dollars for the preſent Year; and to Gentlemen in the Country, who deſire to have them made up in Packets and directed, Five Dollars.

II. The Subſcription to be paid in advance; for which printed Receipts will be given, by TIMOTHY and BODEN.

III. The Gazette will be publiſhed every Wedneſday Morning—to be ent for at the Office, the North Eaſt-Corner of the State-Houſe) until it ſhall be more convenient to diſtribute them at the Subſcribers reſpective Houſes.

V. A Deduction of one Quarter, at the old Price, to be made to all the late Subſcribers, being ſo much due them, at the Time of the Fire.

VI. The Gazette ſhall be punctually and regularly publiſhed, every Wedneſday Morning, preciſely at 9 o'clock.

For ſome Time the Size (but not the *Spirit* of the Paper) will be unavoidably contracted, from the very ſmall Portion of Types that have been ſaved from the Fire (being only Part of what were uſed in the Gazette printed on the 13th of January laſt) and its Friends muſt be content to receive it on ſmaller Paper than uſual, till new Materials can be received from Abroad; to obtain which, as ſoon as poſſible, no Pains have, are, or will be ſpared.

There cannot be, to Timothy, a more mortifying Circumſtance, than the being compelled (by the enormous Coſt of *every imported Article and Neceſſary of Life*, and his preſent Situation) to require the Subſcription in advance, and to raiſe his Prices of Printing: But, when the Extent of his Loſs, and the amazing Expence that muſt, at this Time, attend the procuring the merely neceſſary Printing Materials, are conſidered, he flatters himſelf, that no one can ſuſpect him of having the leaſt Inclination to follow the *common Track*, or will think the preſent Terms unreaſonable.

Gentlemen who are diſpoſed to continue their Names on the Subſcription-Liſt, and ſuch others as may incline to have theirs added, upon the NEW CONDITIONS, are requeſted to ſend their Addreſs as ſoon as poſſible, to Nicholas Boden, at the Office in the State-Houſe, or his Dwelling-Houſe in Amen Corner, Union Street continued.

To be Sold,

On Tueſday July 7, at my room, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon,

SEveral valuable negroes, amongſt whom are an exceeding good cook, waſher and ironer, alſo a good and honeſt houſe wench, with her daughter about 12, and her ſon about 7 years old; a young mulatto, a good ſeamſtreſs, with a young child; two young wenches, one about 15, the other 17 years old, tolerable good ſeamſtreſſes; a young fellow a good carpenter and a faithful ſlave.—Moſt of the above negroes are country born, and can be warranted as good as any in the State. Alſo, ſeveral field negroes.

JACOB VALK.

WAnted to Purchaſe, One or Two LOTS in Georgetown.—Enquire at the Printing-Office in Charleſtown.

Charles-Town.

SUNDAY, June 28, 1778.

IT is this day ordered by His Excellency the Preſident, in Council, that the following Reſolve of Congreſs, dated the 8th inſtant, and juſt received expreſs from Congreſs be forthwith publiſhed by the Sheriff of Charleſtown Diſtrict, in the like Manner in which Proclamations are uſually publiſhed; that all Perſons concerned may pay due Regard thereto, and govern themſelves accordingly.

JOHN COLCOCK, *Secretary P. C.*

In CONGRESS, June 8, 1778.

WHereas the Exportation of Proviſions from theſe States hath occaſioned much difficulty in procuring ſupplies for our armies; and by the capture of veſſels concerned in ſuch exportation, the armies of the enemy have been freed from ſuch diſtreſſes, that would greatly have embarraſſed their operations: And whereas, for the eaſy ſupply of our armies, and to embarraſs and diſtreſs the enemy the enſuing campaign, it is abſolutely neceſſary an embargo ſhould be immediately laid, to prohibit ſuch exportations; and as, from the diſtance of the States from Congreſs, and the different periods of aſſembling their legiſlatures, the good end of ſuch embargo, would be wholly fruſtrated, ſhould Congreſs not proceed to impoſe the embargo; therefore Reſolved, That an embargo be, and it is hereby laid, to prohibit the exportation of wheat, flour, rye, Indian corn, rice, bread, beef, pork, bacon, live ſtock, and other proviſion from any of theſe United States, from and after the 10th day of June inſtant, until the 15th day of November next, unleſs ſooner revoked by Congreſs. Provided, that this embargo ſhall not be conſtrued to prevent the taking on board ſuch proviſion as ſhall be neceſſary for the ſtores only of any ſhips or veſſels of war, or others trading to and from theſe States.

RESOLVED,

That it be be earneſtly recommended to the reſpective States to take the moſt effectual meaſures for carrying the foregoing reſolution into immediate execution.

Extract from the Minutes,

CHARLES THOMSON, *Secretary*

For Sale by Private Contract,

THREE very valuable Negro Fellows, about 25 or 30 years old each, one of which is an excellent waiting man and accuſtomed to the care of horſes; another by trade a butcher, and is beſides an extraordinary good oarſman and field ſlave; the third has been employed chiefly as a porter in town, and is alſo an excellent oarſman and fiſherman.—They have all ſober honeſt characters, and are ſold for no fault—the owner having no uſe for them.—Apply to the Printer.

A Quarterly Meeting of the GERMAN Friendly Society, will be held on Wedneſday the fifteenth of July inſtant, when the Members thereof are deſired to attend at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the houſe of Mr. Michael Muckenfuſs in Charles-Town. *By Order of the Preſident,*

Charles Gruber, *Secretary.*

THOMAS NICHOLSON,

TEaches French, Latin, and Engliſh, gramatically; and will tranſlate any papers from theſe Languages into Engliſh. He may be ſpoke with at Mrs. Johnſon's in Beresford's Alley.

THE Sale of Horſes advertiſed by the ſubſcriber, to be at Strickland's on the 10th inſt. will be at ſaid place on Thurſday the 9th inſt, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon—where there will be for ſale, about

Twenty Horſes and Mares,

Among which are ſome very valuable blooded, likely, and ſerviceable creatures.—a bay ſtallion from Marchleſs and a Brutus mare—a ditto, from a full blooded Pennſylvania horſe and an imported mare—a bay gelding by Fearnought—a bay mare by Bully-Rock of Pennſylvania—three other brood mares, with good blooded colts——the reſt good draught and ſaddle horſes.——Alſo a Pennſylvania waggon, as complete as any in this ſtate, with four Northward horſes, the property of a gentleman deceaſed.

JOE COLCOCK.

TOlled a Bay Horſe, branded on both ſhoulders and buttocks ML, with a ſtar in his forehead. The owner muſt prove his property before

WILLIAM MORGAN.

STolen about a month ago from Sullivant's Iſland or Haddrel's Point, a Dark Liver or Brown and and White colour DOG of the Pointer breed; the white parts of him are intermixed with ſmall brown ſpots—he anſwers to the name of ROVER, is well known in and about Charleſtown and Georgetown.

Whoever delivers him, and diſcovers who ſtole him, ſhall receive Twenty Pounds reward from the ſubſcriber, who requeſts the favour of Gentlemen his acquaintance, if they ſhould hear of him, to inform him thereof, which will be thankfully acknowledged.

WM. MASON.

EUROPEAN INTELLIGENCE.

LONDON, March 23.

THurſday Lord Amherſt was promoted to the rank of General, in order to his taking upon him the command in chief of all the forces in America.

Letters by the laſt French mail ſay, that all the Engliſh families, in and near Paris, had received the uſual notice to quit that kingdom within a certain limited time, and were preparing for their route to England accordingly.

A meſſenger extraordinary was diſpatched to Lord Grantham, our Ambaſſador at the court of Madrid, three days before the King's meſſage was delivered to parliament, inſtructing his Lordſhip to demand a categorical anſwer to the following ſimple queſtion: "Whether the court of Spain meant to aid the "French in their preſent unjuſtifiable conduct with "reſpect to the America diſputes, or to preſerve the "ſtricteſt neutrality?" With ſecret directions, that if any thing evaſive was offered in reply, to leave the Spaniſh dominions immediately.

To know the event of the above [illegible] is urged as the principal reaſon for ſuſpending the declaration of war againſt France.

The Commiſſioners that are to go to America, had a meeting at the Earl of Carliſle's houſe, and were ſeveral hours in conſultation.

Two thouſand men, being about half the number to be raiſed by the new Scotch levies, have received orders to embark on the 2d of April in the Clyde.

The battalions intended for Nova Scotia are, M'Leane's, Campbell's, and the 70th regiment, in all about 3000 men.

Col Murray's, Col. Mackenzie's, and Col. Gordon's new raiſed corps, with half of Lord Seaforth's and half of Lieut. Col. M'Donnell's, are under orders for embarking at Inverneſs, to join the army under Sir Wm. Howe.

A correſpondent ſays, that we have at this time no leſs than eleven regiments, which have not each above one hundred men. Inſtead therefore of raiſing new levies to make jobs for particular people, and provide for beggarly Scotch couſins, at the public expence, the old regiments ought to have been completed.

It is ridiculous in the Scots to complain of national reflections, when it is apparent that their whole conduct is the reſult of a national conſpiracy againſt the liberties of England.

The beſt preparative for a revolution in favour of the Stuarts, whether of Charles at Rome, the family of Savoy, or the family of Bruce, is the reviving and enforcing the old doctrines of the divine right of Kings, of paſſive obedience and non reſiſtance; the ſacred power of the prieſthood, the wide extent of the prerogative, and the ſupremacy of parliaments! The Houſe of Brunſwick muſt be abſurd indeed to imagine ſhe can ſupport herſelf on the throne of Great-Britain by the ſame principles which expelled the Stuarts, and elevated their own family from a ſmall electorate to a mighty monarchy.

It is laughable enough, ſays a correſpondent, to hear the brazen-faced effrontery of ſuch men as Nugent, Rigby, Jenkinſon, Hurley, Ellis, &c. who are moſt of them grown *grey* as well as *fat*, in ſtunning upon the public, now boaſting of their *unbiaſſed* ſentiments in the Houſe of Commons. They, worthy good gentlemen, gratefully thank God, that *their* circumſtances are ſuch, as that *they* are quite independent, and vote, not according to the ſentiments of any man, or ſet of men, or miniſters, but according to the clear ſenſe of their *immaculate* conſciences! —It would not, indeed, be very ſurprizing, if in a ſhort time, we were to hear even Weddeburn and Thurloe making a like declaration, and thanking God that *their* circumſtances were quite independent, although it is ſo well known, that ſcurvy Sawney, the

part, prim, prater of the Scottish race, with treachery in his heart and famine in his face, was, but the other day, scarce worth a single guinea. Lord Geo. Minden too thanks God, in the House of Commons, that *his* circumstances are so independent, that he needs not the emoluments of an office he was persuaded, much against his will, to accept. Lord North and Grey Cooper, may also thank God that *their* circumstances are rather *bettered* by offices, which, however, they accepted sorely against their inclinations. Jemmy Twitcher too, if he has minded his hits as well as they say he has, may begin to thank God that *his* circumstances are become more independent than they were in the last reign; of course, Miss Ray may put up an ejaculation or two for *her* easy circumstances in an employment that she holds sorely against her inclination. Madam Swillingbourg is also very much at ease in *her* circumstances, for which *she* gratefully thanks God. Governor Hutchinson is also thankful. In short, it is a period for the highly-favoured to manifest their sense of gratitude; and, it is to be hoped, the contractors, agents and others, who, in consequence of the present glorious war, are become independent in circumstances, will not be deficient in *their* acknowledgments, but thank God for what is past, and hope for what is to come.

To the Inhabitants of the State of South-Carolina.

AFter so able an advocate* has nobly stepped forth in the cause of oppression and distress, little remains to be said that has not been anticipated; and few remedies present themselves to an enquiring mind, which have not been already pointed out, in language worthily flowing from the pen of a sensibly affected writer. But alas! to what purpose? where is the single reformation produced? where is the attention paid to these gentle, seasonable and salutary remonstrances? in what instance have goods fallen from their most exorbitant prices? or where has the proud monopolizer displayed a generous disposition.

To paint to you, my countrymen, ye darlings of Fortune! who have been dandled for many years on the knee of affluence, and reared up under her softering hand, who have basked great part of your lives in the sunshine of ease and prosperity; strangers to every ill but such as proceed from a pampered imagination, or a debilitated constitution; I say, how difficult, how nearly impossible is the task to paint to your gentle ideas (unused to scenes of wicked extortion, knavery and under-hand dealing) the far stretched train of complicated villainies, practiced among too many of your fellow citizens now in trade. Unaccustomed as I am to address the public, I may sink under its difficulties; but as the welfare of my country is concerned, as necessity extorts it from me, I must run the hazard, however much I may fail in the attempt. It is not that I have any doubts of the justice of my cause; on the contrary, I am satisfied it will make me ample amends for the insufficiency of the advocate.

Oh, my Country! what a mortifying, what an humiliating contrast dost thou now present to us (forestallers) what a race of beings! they pass in review before the eye of my mind, in a lower degree than infidels. Are these the *bitter* remains of Carolinian merchants? (men formerly admired and beloved through life, for their generosity, politeness, and inestimable virtue) how degenerated! how fallen! how sunk! inglorious, insolent and selfish! Every nerve unbraced by avarice, and every noble feeling of the soul lulled fast asleep on the lap of stupidity. Plainly do I discover, and in most glaring characters, have these miscreants been insinuated to you as vague and irrational beings, who are a stain upon government, and a reproach to the morals of the present period. You may with equal propriety attempt to assuage the violence of troubled waves, as to soften the feelings of men already abandoned in principles and despised by every friend to virtue, while yourselves the source, will not invariably adhere to the *well-timed advice* alluded to in the beginning of this address. There are only two things which at present remain to be revolved in your minds, which are, whether you are determined to indulge yourselves, and patiently suffer repeated impositions to continue, or whether it is not more consistent with your dignity to refrain from superfluities and punish these pests to society, by causing their monopolies to remain on hand, and thus frustrate every ill-conceived hope of advantage; If you wish for the latter, which confident am I you must, speedily put in execution the admirable methods recommended to you. As for you, Oh, ye monopolizers, be assured, the evils you so lavishly diffuse will generate desperate remedies, which will one day, if not timely appeased, plunge daggers into your guilty bosoms. Where now is confidence? fled with content. Where is personal regard? banished with integrity. Instead of their blessings, you are accosted wherever you appear with the reproaches of your countrymen, and particularly with the execrations of the poor: And you would do well to remember (I mean such of you who have not renounced your creed with your humanity) that a GREATER than you has solemnly promised "to avenge the cause of the distressed upon their oppressors:" And where will you seek for shelter then *ye gilded shadows! ye important insignificants.*

CAWSIDICUS.

* RENANUOFF.

York-town, in Pennsylvania, June 6, 1778.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT all the appeals from the Courts of Admiralty in the several States to Congress, which are now depending and undetermined before the Committee of Appeals appointed by Congress, are set down for trial on Monday the 27th day of July next, at the place where Congress shall be then sitting. The court has resolved, in case of non-attendance of either of the parties, to proceed to a final sentence on hearing one side only. *By* Order of the Court.

THOMAS M'KEAN, President.

N. B. The several Printers of newspaper on the Continent, are requested to publish the above advertisement.

For Sale,

Just imported from the Havana,

WHite and Brown dry Sugars, of an extraordinary quality, in cases of about 400 lb each; good rum of a fine flavour, in casks of about 20 gallons each; old Jamaica rum by the hogshead; old wine, exceeding good, in half pipes.

DANIEL HALL, and Co.

ESCAPED from the Sugar-House prison, MATTHEW VARNUM, a prisoner of war, lately taken in the sloop Tonyn's Revenge, Capt. Bachop, from St. Augustine. He is a native of Ireland, but brought up on Edisto, near Orangeburgh, where his father now lives; he is about 22 years of age, five feet ten inches high, has long brown hair, is smooth faced and well made; he had on a check shirt and whitened Osnabrugs trousers, and speaks much in the back country dialect: He has been in the regiment of Florida Rangers, from which he was discharged before he entered with Capt. Bachop.—It is hoped all friends to America will be vigilant in endeavouring to apprehend and deliver him to the keeper of any gaol, in any of the United States, or to

CHARLES RAMADGE,

Commissary of Prisoners for the State of South-Carolina.

Just imported from the Havana,

And to be sold by the subscribers, at their store on on the Bay,

HAVANA Rum in pipes, 20 gallon casks, demijohns and bottles; white and brown sugar, in cases of 400 lb. each; red and white Spanish wines, in pipes and small casks; aniseed water in bottles; virgin honey in jugs; bleached wax in large cakes; white wax candles; best blue raisins in jars; sweet almonds; Spanish olives in jars; olive oil in jugs.

ISAAC DA COSTA, and Son.

JOHN MACKLIN, who is confined in the common gaol of this State, requests all persons having demands against him, immediately to send in a state of the same to Mr. Jacob Read, attorney at law, in Broad-street, Charles town, in order that some means may be used to satisfy his creditors.

July 2, 1778.

ALL Persons having any demands against Christopher Smith deceased, late Sheriff of Beaufort district, are desired to transmit an exact state of the same to the subscriber, within one month from the date hereof. JACOB READ, Attorney to the Administratrix.

ROBERT RAPER,

HAS FOR SALE,

TWO extraordinary fine bay Colts, now 4 years old, full English breed, got by the best stallion of the race breed in England, and are as handsome as any ever seen here, which he will sell on reasonable terms: One is a stalion, the other a gelding. For particulars enquire of Mr. Wm. Garner at Long-Cane, or at Ponpon, where they are.

Also, some very good Rice in town, by the barrel or larger quantity. R. RAPER.

One Hundred Pounds Reward.

ON the 12th inst. at night, the pasture gates of the parsonage of St. George, were violently broken down and carried away by persons unknown. Whoever will discover the perpetrators of this outrageous act of injustice, shall immediately on conviction be intitled to the abovementioned reward, to be paid by the Vestry and Church-wardens of the said parish.

Benj. Coachman, jun. *Church-wardens.*

Benj. Waring,
R. Izard,
John Glaze,
Wm. Sommers,
} *Vestrymen.*

N. All persons in arrears for poor tax, are desired to make payment by the 1st of August next at farthest, otherwise executions will be granted without distinction.

JOEL WALKER informs me of a light sorrel Gelding, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder J, with a large blaze in his face, and in the middle thereof a brown spot; having strayed into his pasture at Neilson's Ferry. The Owner must prove his property before

J. TROUP, J. P.

To be Sold,

On Wednesday the 15th of July, at my room in Church-street, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon,

A Tract of Land the property of Messrs Begbie and Manson, shipwrights, containing 300 acres, situate in St. Thomas's parish: There are from 40 to 50 acres of good rice land, the rest well stored with sawing timber and spars: There are on the premises a dwelling house, with necessary out-buildings, only one mile and a half from a landing, on a very good road.

JACOB VALK.

The following Articles were left out of our last Paper, for want of Room and a Sufficiency of Types:

CHARLES-TOWN, July 1.

THE entertainment given on the 18th ult. in the Concert-room, by the inhabitants of this town, as an evidence of their joy on the conclusion of the late treaties with France, was a very elegant one. The company at dinner consisted of about 230, amongst which were all the foreign gentlemen, to whom particular attention was paid; and the whole was conducted to general satisfaction. The principal toasts drank, were followed by a discharge of cannon, viz. the most Christian king, Louis XVI. of France, 21 guns—the queen and royal family of France, 21—the free, sovereign and independent states of America, 13—the Continental Congress, 13—General Washington and the American army, 13—the king of Spain, 21—the king of Prussia, 21—the emperor of Germany, 21—the immortal memory of the heroes who have fallen in defence of American Liberty, 13—the State of South-Carolina, 13—the American ambassadors in foreign courts, 13—may the united navies of France and America be invincible to the end of time, 13—may the virtuous example of Louis XVI. be followed by all the sovereign powers in Europe, 13—the Marquis de la Fayette, General Gates, General Moultrie, &c. &c.

Last week two of the anchors and cables left by Sir Peter Parker's squadron near Sullivant's island, when they silently withdrew from the attack upon Fort Moultrie, in the night of the 28th of June 1776, were weighed, about 480 yards distance from that fort, and brought up to town: One of them was the *Bristol's* (of 50 guns) Sir Peter's own ship. These make 8 of that squadron's anchors and cables, that we are now in possession of, besides 16 of the guns, (fine double-fortified 9-pounders) belonging to the Acteon frigate, which was burnt in the morning of the 29th.

Last Friday, between 12 and 1 o'clock, a sloop came in sight from the Eastward, off Bull's Island. At the same time 3 ships appeared coming up from the southward and standing to the northward. At half past 6 in the evening, the ships were observed to tack and stand to the eastward, the sloop with them, and towards the close of the day they all hawled off to the S. E.——The same evening, Capt. Dillingham, late master of the sloop *Betsey*, of and for this port, from Bedford in New-England, came to town from Bull's, and informed, that the above-mentioned sloop was his: That he had been chased the whole day by 5 ships (two of them without those that were seen from town) three of whose boats pursued him so closely, that he was at last obliged to quit his vessel, which they immediately after boarded and carried off.

Three of these ships and the sloop were again discovered on Saturday, in the S. E. with crowded sail, as if in chace to the southward. And that night, Capt. Cornelius Schermerhorn, in the scooner Swift of this port, arrived from Cape Francois, who informed, that he had been chased from 4 o'clock in morning, by 4 ships, with a scooner and a sloop in company; That, as the wind was very light, they sent 7 boats in pursuit of them; but that by incessant rowing he at length got clear. He adds, that in the morning, he passed the mast-head of a sunken scooner, which he imagined had been taken and scuttled by the above ships of war.

As none of these vessels have come in sight since, and the wind has been easterly, it is not improbable, that they were passing ships, destined for, and have proceeded off St. Augustine, St. Juan's, or St. Mary's Rivers.

The anniversary of the repulse of a squadron of the British navy, under the command of Sir Peter Parker, in their attack upon Fort Moultrie, on the 28th of June 1776, and of the retreat of the British army, under the command of General Sir Henry Clinton, falling this year upon Sunday; the public rejoicings upon that glorious occasion, were deferred till monday.——The morning was ushered in with ringing of bells, and a display of colours from all the forts and shipping. At noon the forts (beginning at Fort Moultrie) each fired a salute of 13 guns. At one o'clock the like salute was fired from each of the following vessels of war, viz. the Oliver-Cromwell and Defence, state ships of Connecticut; the Notre-Dame of this state; the Tartar and Volant, private armed vessels; and the Tonyn's Revenge and Ranger, prize privateers late of St. Augustine. And at night, the illuminations surpassed all preceding ones: King street, and its environs, in particular, appearing uncommonly brilliant; and the Notre Dame making a very grand appearance.——There were upon this occasion no less than three grand public entertainments—One given by the officers of the

second regiment (the noble corps that beat off the fleet, while Col. Thomson's regiment opposed Sir Henry Clinton's force by land) at Fort Moultrie, where were present, his Excellency the President, such members of the legislature as could attend, the public officers, many other gentlemen, and a brilliant assembly of ladies, who were presented with a ball in the evening. The company consisted of upwards of 200; and each of the first 13 toasts drank, was succeeded by a salute of 13 guns. Amongst the toasts (besides the 13 States, the Congress, General Washington, &c. the magnanimous king of France, success to the American navy, the memory of the brave who have fallen in the present glorious contest, the minority in the British parliament, and prosperity of the state of South-Carolina) were the following.—may the Laurel continue to grow under the Palmeto, and the Olive Tree find shelter under both—may every attack of the enemy on us, prove a 28th day of June to them—General Robert Howe and the army under his command—may tories soon be whigs, and whigs always happy—may the independence of America be of equal duration with itself.——The Palmeto Society, dining together at Holiday's tavern, 116 in number, made the second public entertainment, where, besides the principal toasts already mention, the following were also drank, succeeded by discharges of cannon, viz. the President and State of South-Carolina—General Moultrie—Col. Motte (who presided at the feast at Fort Moultrie) with the officers and privates of the 2d regiment——the immortal memory of those heroes who fell, at Fort Moultrie, on the 28th of June 1776——the Hon. John Rutledge, Esq;——the American Ambassadors at foreign courts—General Gates—may the independence of America be rendered perpetual, by the virtue and heroism of her sons—success to the Palmeto Society.——The third entertainment was at Liberty Tree, where those of Major Grimball's battalion of artillery, who were not at any of the others, dined together, and were as happy as any other company. Every entertainment was conducted to general satisfaction, and not a single disagreeable accident interrupted this extensive scene of joy.

The same day the Palmeto Society chose the following officers for the ensuing year. President, Samuel Prioleau, Esq; Vice-president, Edward Weyman, Esq; Treasurer, Peter Bounetheau, Esq; Secretary, Mr. Philip Prioleau; Stewards, Messr. Philip Thorn and John Saunders.

On the 1st of May, the new continental frigate Providence of 36 guns, commanded by Abraham Whipple, Esq; never at sea, sailed on a cruize from Providence in Rhode-Island—which she began as follows: On her passage down the bay, the Lark British frigate, having got under weigh near Warwick point, and firing upon her, received in return a broadside, which killed 3 and wounded 27 of her men, and did considerable damage to her hull and rigging—the Juno frigate, being the lowermost of the British ships, next gave the Providence a broadside, and had the same returned.——After this the Providence poured a broadside into a tender that had got under sail, which so much damaged her, that she sunk upon being hawled to a wharf at Newport. Not one of the enemy's ships followed Capt. Whipple to sea, as was expected.

On the 2d of May, another continental frigate of 36 guns was, launched at Salisbury in Massachusetts-bay state, and called the Hancock. She is reckoned one of the completest frigates yet built in America.

Two Spanish vessels, a scooner and sloop, are arrived here from Havana. They both bring accounts of great preparations for war.

Capt. Thomas Thompson, lately from New Providence, desires the following information may be made public, viz. That John Shuldham, Harry Hall, Wm. Farr, Michael de Bruhl, John Bell, Richard Sweeting, and George Dorset, were the persons who raised and headed a mob of near 200 negroes, when Capt. Rathburn, in January last, took possession of the fort there. That Capt. Chambers of the sloop Gayton, having collected another mob of about 75 negroes, intended to have attacked Rathburn; but when he had got his vessel ready, they all left him. That Chambers afterwards headed the mob, took possession of the Government House, and fired upon the fort. That when Rathburn with all his prizes had got about 3 leagues to sea, one party of the mob took possession of the fort, while another party broke in to the house of James Gould, Esq; from whence they took him and our informant, and confined them in irons on board the Gayton for 48 hours. That the latter party also took up and abused every man, who was not a known enemy to the Americans; and fired upon such as they could not get out, from the streets, as they would at Pigeons. That John Shuldham aforesaid, has completely fitted out a sloop of ten guns as a privateer, at Providence, from whence he lately went to St. Augustine to procure a commission; and that he may by this time be returned to man his vessel purposely to cruize against the Americans.

Letters from St. Eustatius, dated the beginning of last month, advise, that as soon as it was known that France had acknowledged the independence of America, the Dutch there began to pay particular attention to American vessels, allowing them to wear their colours, returning their salutes, and affording them every protection they desired. That there were then 8 Dutch men of war in the West-Indies, for the protection of their trade, viz. the Royal Frederica Sophia Wilhelmina, the Princess Louisa, the Princess Maria Louisa, and the Rotterdam, of 56 guns; the Jason and the Brunswick, of 36 guns each; and the alarm and Thetis, of 24 guns each, under the command of Rear-admiral Grave Van Bylandt. That 4 of them were at St. Eustatius; the rest gone for Surenheim; and 3 others were shortly expected. That the British men of war and privateers in those seas, had begun to take all French vessels that they met, without exception.

Last week died Paul Townsend, Esq; one of the Representatives of this town in the present General Assembl, a zealous assertor of the rights of America, and one of the foremost of those patriots who undauntedly opposed the introduction of stamps into this state in the year 1765. His private character was that, of an honest man.

CHARLES-TOWN, July 8.

SAturday last, being the *Second Anniversary* of of the sudden formation and establishment of one of the greatest empires in the civilized world, by the confederated union, and declared freedom, sovereignty and independence of the States of Massachusetts-bay, New-Hampshire, Connecticut, Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations, New-York, Pennsylvania, the Lower Counties, New-Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, North-Carolina, South Carolina, and Georgia, in North-America, on the 4th day of July 1776, whereby three millions of souls were at once delivered from the commenced oppression and despotism of Great-Britain, the same was celebrated here with every demonstration of the sincerest joy and satisfaction. The day was ushered in by a discharge of 13 cannon from one of our forts; the several forts and all the shipping of different nations, displaying their colours at the same instant; and by ringing of bells. At 9 o'clock, an Oration, pointing out the vast difference between despotic governments and free common-wealths, and displaying the numerous blessings and advantages that must result from the late glorious American Revolution, was delivered by David Ramsay, Esq; A.M. M.B. in the Concert-Room at Mr. Valk's, to a most repectable auditory, among which were his Excellency the President, and his Honour the Vice President, who all expressed the utmost satisfaction at the Doctor's performance (which has been desired to be published.) At eleven o'clock the Charles Town regiment of militia (all the volunteer companies in their uniforms) commanded by Colonel Maurice Simons, and Major Thomas Grimball's Battalion of Artillery, in their uniforms, and with their field pieces, were drawn out upon the parade, and made an truly military appearance. At half past twelve, each of the forts and shipping in the harbour, fired thirteen guns. At one his Excellency the President, accompanied by his Honour the Vice-president (the sword of state carried before them) and attended by a number of gentlemen, walked from the State House to the parade; where such articles of the late treaties with France, as had been ordered by the Hon. the Continental Congress, were publickly read by the Deputy Secretary of the state, followed by a discharge of 13 cannon from the artillery battalion's field pieces, a general volley from the musquetry, and three huzza's. The review over, his Excellency, with his suite, returned to the State House, where a very elegant entertainment had been provided by his order, to which all the members of the Legislature, Public Officers, civil and military, the clergy, foreign gentlemen, and many others, had been invited. After dinner thirteen toasts were given, which for want of room, must be deferred till our next.

Yesterday se'nnight the following persons embarked for the West-Indies, with as much of the property they had acquired here as they could carry, viz. Robert Robertson, John Bousal, Robert Frogg, Andrew Russel, Joseph Morley, John Wyatt, William Lawrence, William Hamilton Cole, Thomas Smith (founder) John Mills, William Haslop, John Syme, John Hogg, William Brockie, Donald Harper, John Hayes, David Swanson, and Benjamin Castell—all inhabitants of this state, whom some unhappy influence have deluded to prefer continuing under a slavish subjection to the oppressive government of declining Britain (once Great!) rather than suffer a few evils, and hazard trifling dangers in comparison with the blessings in view, to secure to them and their posterity, the enjoyment of all the natural rights of mankind.

Some few days before, the following other inhabitants of this state, under the same unhappy delusion, also embarked for the West-Indies, viz. Benjamin Lord, William Benny, John Smith (tallow-chandler) James Robinson, George Smithson, John Armstrong, Thomas Raven, &c.

Last Wednesday embarked, under the like circumstances, for Holland, Daniel Manson, Robert Rowand, Philip Henry, &c.

According to our last advices from the country of the Creeks, the influence of the British King's agents in that nation declines visibly, though they back all their Talks with a profusion of presents, while that of our Commissioners encreases; and the inhabitants of our western frontier have less to fear from those Indians, than from the more savage horse-thieves and other banditti, which the humane Governor Tonyn, of East Florida (averse as his master, to "the effusion of human blood") is using every art to draw from this free state into his slavish province. Not longer ago than the 26th of May, he sent out one James Moore (stiled Captain) with 50 other ruffians, to desolate the country about Ogeechie, who were to begin at Mr. Galphin's, by murdering that gentleman, Colonel M'Murphy, and Forster the Indian interpreter, rob the stores, burn the houses, and plunder all the frontier: Providentially, however, he did not succeed; for, having crossed the Alatamaha, he sent forward ten of his party into the settlements as spies, also to get as many vagabonds as they could to join him, and to meet him at Coulson's Cowpen or Canouchy: Two of the persons whom they attempted to seduce, discovered the whole plot to a magistrate; by which means three of the villains were soon decoyed and taken, upon whom was found a * Proclamation of Governor Tonyn a † Letter of P. Hawkins, and the form of an oath of allegiance and secrecy; with which they were proceeding for Ninety-Six in this state. A party was thereupon immediately collected by Major Lenier to go in quest of Moore, and Mr. Galphin prevailed on 13 Indians to go with them: The Indians on this side of Canouchy, were soon discovered by Moore, who immediately called out to his men, that there were 100 Indians, and they must shift for themselves; but our party pursued and fired upon them till they took to a swamp, where Moore in returning the fire of our men, was killed, and 9 of his gang taken prisoners, with all their horses, baggage, and ammunition.

**EAST-FLORIDA.*

By his Excellency Patrick Tonyn, Esq; Captain General, Governor and Commander in Chief in and over his Majesty's said Province, Chancelor and Vice-admiral of the same.

A PROCLAMATION.

COnfident of the humane disposition and benign intention of our most gracious sovereign, towards his deluded subjects now in open rebellion; and actuated by a principle of compassion, for the many who have been forced by violence, or imposed upon by the misrepresentations of designing men, to take up arms against their sovereign; and to avoid the effusion of human blood; I have thought fit, by and with the advice of his majesty's honourable council of this province, to issue this my proclamation, hereby most earnestly exhorting his majesty's subjects, now in hostile manner threatening to invade this province, to recollect their allegiance due to his majesty, and the imminent danger to which they expose themselves, by a blind and obstinate perseverance in such unwarrantable conduct; and inviting them to repair to his majesty's standard, acknowledging their allegiance, and receive his majesty's pardon, which I hereby offer to all such who shall comply with the terms of this my proclamation, within one month from the date hereof. I do likewise further offer a reward of Ten milled dollars to every person who shall come in with his arms, and every encouragement and assistance in my power.

Given under my Hand and the Great Seal of his Majesty's said Province, in the Council-Chamber of St. Augustine the 25th Day of May, Anno Domini 1778, and in the 18th Year of his Majesty's Reign.

PATRICK TONYN.

By his Excellency's Command,
DAVID YEATS, *Dep. Secretary.*

† *Fort Tonyn, June 9th, 1778.*

Sir,

I Have only opportunity to tell you, our desire is, to get all the friends to government from among the rebels; and as I look upon you as such, desire you'll come with what friends you can raise. Do not let your interest stop you, lose what you will. Desire you'll go to Elisha Robinson, and shew him the letter, and tell him to do as is directed you; also for him to shew his intent Mr. George Mock and all friends. We can do but little till we have you all.

I am your humble Servant,
To Roger Martin, en Savannah-river, Ninety-six. P. HAWKINS.

P. S. *If you can take or kill any ruling man, you'll get large encouragement.* P H.

THE Collectors of the Public Tax for the parishes of St. Philip and St. Michael, Charles-town, give Notice, that they will begin to receive the same, on Monday, the 20th of July instant, and for that purpose will continue to sit at the Exchange from 9 to 1 in the forenoon, and from 4 to 6 in the afternoon, every day, Sundays excepted, until Saturday the 8th of August next, after which time, defaulters may expect to be dealt with as the law directs.

William Logan, *Samuel Legare,*
John Bryan, *Richard Muncreef,*
Thomas Jones, *Edward Darrel.*
Richard Wainwright,

To be sold at Private Sale,

A Lot of Land upon the East side of New-Church ſtreet, adjoining Mr. William Truſſer's houſe and lot, containing in front upon the ſaid ſtreet about 101 feet, and about 257 feet deep. There are upon the premiſes a very good chair-houſe and two ſtables.

For terms apply to John Edwards, merchant in Charleſtown.

To be Sold, at Public Vendue,

On the 9th of July, at the Plantation known by the Name of Aſhe's Point, on Tobodoo,

TWenty as Valuable Slaves as any in the State, among them are three fellows, waſhers, ironers, ſpinners, handy boys and girls, a boy who is a weaver, 30 head of cattle, and 40 head of ſheep: All ſums under one hundred pounds to be caſh, and all above, credit will be given to the firſt of January, 1779, paying intereſt and giving ſecurity. The property not to be altered until the conditions are complied with. JOSEPH DOBBINS.

WILLIAM DAVIE, and Co.

HAVE FOR SALE,

At Mr. James Wakefield's Store, in Broad-ſtreet, the following articles:

BLUE and brown broad cloths, bath coating, black caſſines, fine white flannel, blue and white ſhalloon, blue and white negro cloth, Oſnabrugs thread, fine ounce and coarſe ditto, printed callicoes, Britannias, checks and ſtripes, Oſnabrugs, Ruſſia drab and Ruſſia ſheeting, remal and check handkerchiefs, black Barcelona ditto, mens ſilk, thread and cotton hoſe, childrens ditto, tapes and black hair ribbons, locket ditto, womens white ſilk mits, ſilk gauze, cambrick, ſewing ſilk, ſilk ferreting, twiſt, black buttons, horn ditto, metal ditto, ſhirt ditto, fine tooth combs, crocked horn ditto, a bed-tick complete, Hyſon, Shuſhong and bohea teas, double and ſingle refined ſugar, brown ditto, coffee, muſtard, cotton and wool cards, playing cards, Weſton's ſnuff, Glaſgow pigtail tobacco, cut and dry ditto, pins and needles, ſail needles, ſaddler's awl blades, pen-knives, whip ſaw and hand ſaw files, knives and forks, horſe fleams complete, yellow ocker, chair bridle bits, ſplinter padlocks, gin in caſes, black pepper, allſpice, ginger, Caſtile ſoap, copperas, ſweet oil, roſe water, Raiſins, Stoughton's bitters, writing paper, and coloured maps of the ſtate.

SOAP in any quantity, myrtle-wax and tallow-mould, binnacle and other dipt Candles, to be ſold at the manufactory on the Green, to the weſt of King ſtreet, by SAMUEL SHEPPARD.

A Complete Waiting Boy, about fifteen Years of Age.— Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe may have him upon Trial.

JACOB VALK.

JOSEPH DE LESPINE,

Surgeon and Man Midwife,

NOW reſides at Mrs. Reece's, in Queen-Street, oppoſite Dewees's Tavern.

THE Subſcriber intending to carry on the Vendue Buſineſs, will be much obliged to his Friends, who will favour him with the Sale of lands, houſes, veſſels, negroes or merchandize; they may depend on attention to their intereſt, and ſpeedy ſettlements. He has for ſale privately, a very likely Negro BOY, about 14 years of age, who has been uſed to attend horſes, drive a chaiſe, and wait in the houſe.

A Valuable Collection of BOOKS, a catalogue of which may be ſeen at his ſtore the corner of Elliott-ſtreet on the bay, he will ſell in the afternoon of each vendue day. JOS COLCOCK.

I Do hereby forwarn every Perſon from crediting my Wife ROSANNA, or any other Perſon or Perſons on my Account, without a written Order from under my Hand, as I am determined not to pay any Debts otherwiſe contracted, from this 17th Day of June, 1778. GEORGE BOB, *of Jackſonburgh.*

THESE are to forwarn all Perſons whatſoever from giving Credit to any Perſon in my Name, without an Order from under my Hand, as I am determined not to pay any Debts otherwiſe contracted, from this 28th Day of May, 1778.

Savannah, in Georgia. WM. LANCASTER.

Charles-Town, June 11.

THE Commiſſioners of the Markets give this public Notice, that in future they will not permit or ſuffer any Cattle, Sheep, Lambs, Calves, Hogs, Shotes, &c. to be killed, or butchered in either of the public Markets; but that they expect, the Venders will bring them properly dreſſed, and ready to cut up for ſale. JOHN SANUM, Clerk.

For Private Sale,

THAT very valuable Plantation in Cow Savannah, containing 471 Acres, bounded to the Southward on a Road that leads to a Plantation of Ralph Izard, Eſq; to the South-eaſtward on Lands of the ſaid Gentleman, to the North-eaſt on Lands formerly of Charles Wright, Eſq; now belonging to Mr. Williman, and to the North-weſt on a Road that leads to Bacon-Bridge, and five Miles from Dorcheſter. On the Premiſes are a good Dwelling-Houſe and convenient Out-Houſes; the Land for Rice, indico and Corn, as good as any in the State, and the uncleared Land well timbered. JACOB VALK.

HEXT PRIOLEAU,

At his Ship Chandlery Warehouſe, in Tradd-Street, near the Bay,

HAS FOR SALE,

On as reaſonable Terms as the Times will admit,

AN Aſſortment of Cordage, Sail Duck, Oſnabrug, Twine, Log and Hand Lines, Ship Scrapers, Pump Tacks, Linſeed Oil in Jugs and Baskets, Train Oil by the Cask or leſs Quantity, Spirit of Turpentine in Quart Bottles, Red Lead, Loaf Sugar, Quart and Pint Black Jacks, Cartridge, Sheathing and Writing Paper, Bruſhes of different Sorts, an Aſſortment of Sail and Rope Needles, Palms, Sand Glaſſes, Compaſſes, Hammers, double Worm Gimblets: Tin Ware, conſiſting of Lanthorns, Mugs, Pound and Half-pound Canifters, Tinder Boxes, &c. Beſt Bourdeaux Oil in Quart Bottles, Green Teas, Choice Wines, Old Jamaica, Weſt-India and Northward Rum, Wine Vinegar, Brown Sugars, &c. Alſo Briſtol Hotwell Water in Hampers. —— All Owners and Maſters of Veſſels may depend upon every Service it is in his Power to render them, free of all Charge.

THE Partnerſhip of THOMAS LATHAM and Co. Diſtillers, being diſſolved, this is to deſire all Perſons indebted to them, to make Payment as ſoon as poſſible to JONATHAN LAWRENCE; and all Perſons to whom they are indebted, are hereby requeſted to call and receive their Money of him as ſpeedily as they conveniently can.

THOMAS and DANIEL LATHAM, having ſold their Share of the Diſtillery, which belonged to them and JONATHAN LAWRENCE, the Public are hereby informed, that the Property in ſaid Diſtillery is now veſted in the Subſcribers; and the Buſineſs in future will be carried on under the Firm of LAWRENCE, LUSHINGTON, and Co.

JONATHAN LAWRENCE,
RICHARD LUSHINGTON,
STEPHEN LAWRENCE.

June 19, 1778.

I Am informed of the following Strays: A Black Horſe, about 13 Hands high, branded on the off buttock MB, and on the ſhoulder A, aged.

A large Grey Horſe, about 15 hands high, brand-on the off buttock F, 6 or 7 years old.

A large Grey Horſe about the ſame height, branded on the mounting ſhoulder F.

The Owners muſt prove their property within the time preſcribed by law, before

WILLIAM MORGAN.

RUN away from his Maſter the 7th of March laſt, Thomas Hicks, a Youth of about 18 or 19 Years of Age about 5 Feet high, and had on when he went away, a blue Sailor's Jacket, Oſnabrugs Trouſers or blue Breeches.——He is remarkably negligent of his Hair and Dreſs. Whoever delivers him to the Warden of the Workhouſe, or to his Maſter, Abraham Peaice, Cabinet-maker, in Charles-Town, ſhall receive two Dollars reward.

STOLEN about 5 months ago, a young POINTER DOG, betwixt the Engliſh and Spaniſh breed, who anſwers to the name of BRITTON; his left ear is brown, his right mottled, and has two diſtinct brown ſpots in his Forehead, his body is all white, except a brown ſpot at the ſetting on of his tail:— He was got by a Dog of Daniel Horry, Eſq's, which he much reſembles, and who muſt have been noticed frequently in Charles-Town, by every Gentleman who knows a perfect Pointer: He ranged rather lewdly at the time he was ſtolen, but with very little Correction would have ſtood perfectly ſtaunch to a Partridge, Woodcock, or the Hare of this State.

Whoever brings him to the Printing-Office, or to N. Boden, in Amen-Corner, and diſcovers who ſtole him, ſhall receive Twenty Pounds Reward.

For SALE,

THE good Schooner NANCY, burthen about 70 Tons, well found, ſails very faſt, and has 4 ſwivels.

The Schooner LIBERTY, almoſt a new Veſſel, burthen about 60 Tons, with a new Set of Sails, never yet bent, entire new Rigging, good Cables, Anchors, &c.

The above Veſſels lye in Beale's Dock, where they may be examined, and an Inventory ſeen in the Hands of JOB COLCOCK.

For private ſale,

SEveral Valuable PLANTATIONS, from 500 l. to 50,000 l. in Value, and from 25 to 70 Miles from Charles-Town; alſo, ſeveral large and ſmall Tracts of Land in moſt Parts of the State; likewiſe Two Tenements in Allen-Street, commonly called Dutch Church Alley, joining Mr. John Grant: The Purchaſer may have two or three Years Credit, upon approved Security.

A HOUSE and LOT in Guignard-Street, fit for a ſmall Family; the Houſe is in good Repair.

Two valuable TRACTS of LAND, the one 350 and the other 250 Acres, ſituate at Four Holes, in St Matthew's Pariſh, Berkley County, beſides 100 Acres adjoining; all together will make a very fine Plantation for Rice or Indico, is about 46 Miles upon Gaillard's Road, Dean's Swamp from Town, and within one Mile of Dr. Haig's Plantation.

Three hundred Acres of LAND, ſituate in St. Mark's Pariſh, about 12 Miles beyond King's Tree, on a Branch of Black River, on the main Road leading from Santee to Lynch's Creek, having about 20 Acres cleared, and as fine a Peach Orchard as any in the State, very convenient for a Store or Tavern; the Land is good for Corn, Indico or Rice, having about 40 Acres of excellent Swamp, and is a fine Place for raiſing of Stock.

A very valuable PLANTATION in St. Thomas's Pariſh, about 12 Miles from Town.

A TRACT of LAND of 100 Acres in St. Andrew's Pariſh, about 14 Miles from Town.

Five LOTS in Charles-Town, fronting on Mazyck and Weſt-Streets.

Ten LOTS in Union-Street.

A LOT on the South ſide of Broad-ſtreet, where ſtood the Houſe lately occupied by Meſſ. Dewar and Bacot.

A LOT, the Corner of Church and Tradd Streets 19 Feet 6 Inches fronting Tradd ſtreet, and in Church-ſtreet about 84 Feet.

A TRACT of LAND, containing 500 Acres, in Saxe Gotha Townſhip, joining Lands of Benjamin Farrar, and about one Mile from his Saw-Mill.

A valuable TRACT of LAND of 334 Acres, near Beach Hill Road, and Lands of Mr. Ogier.

A valuable Tract of Land of 400 Acres, ſituated in Prince William's Pariſh in Granville County, on a large Branch of the great Cooſawhatchie Swamp, well known by the Name of Macpherſon's Branch, bounding ſouthwardly on Lands of Mr. James Smith, good for Rice, Indico or Corn, diſtant from Pocotaligo Landing, about 10 Miles.

Three valuable TRACTS of LAND on Black-River, about 12 Miles from George Town.

A TRACT of 500 Acres, on the Middle Fork of Tyger River.

A TRACT of 1150 Acres upon the South weſt Side of Four-Hole Swamp.

A TRACT of 400 Acres, upon the South-weſt Side of Four-Hole Swamp, on Cow Caſtle Branch.

A TRACT of 1200 Acres, on the Weſt Side of Sampit Creek, about 12 Miles from George-Town.

A LOT in Meeting ſtreet, near the Beef-Market, 43 Feet 3 Inches front in Meeting Street, and 135 Feet in depth.

A valuable TRACT of LAND, of 12,000 Acres, on the River May.

A valuable HOUSE and LOT in Arſonburgh.

A valuable Plantation of 400 Acres, about 6 Miles from Huger's Bridge.

Thoſe valuable SAW and GRIST MILLS on Juniper Creek, four Miles below the Cheraw-Hill, and about 10 Miles from Long-Bluff Court-Houſe.

A Brick Houſe and Lot in Clifford-Street, White-Point.

A vacant LOT facing the Bay, on White-Point.

A pleaſant, healthy ſituate Plantation, three Miles from Dorcheſter.

An exceeding valuable TRACT of LAND, or rather Part of an iſland, as it has a Creek called Callacu's Creek, from Savannah River, running round it, and comes into the River by Abercorn-Creek again, being about 16 Miles from Savannah, and between 5 and 6 Miles from Purrysburgh, nearly oppoſite to William Williamſon Eſq's Plantation— This Tract of Land, containing 900 Acres, being all of it Tide Land, is equal in quality to any Lands either in Georgia or Carolina, ſupplied with the largeſt Cypreſs Trees for Shingles, and is ſo ſituate that Veſſels of any Burden may load at any Part of it.

JACOB VALK.

TAken up, (ſome time ſince) between Lempriere's Point and Hobeah creek,

A Small BOAT,

fourteen feet long, and four feet and a half wide; ſhe has a white bottom and had been lately caulked and payed with pitch; there is Peter Axell's name on the Stern. —— Apply to David Oſwald.

For Private Sale,

A Valuable Lot on the Bay, oppoſite to Burn's Wharf, joining Captain Buckle's, containing in Front upwards of 25 Feet, and in Depth 127 Feet 6 Inches.

JACOB VALK.

A Few very likely high blooded HORSES to be ſold at Hasfield's Stables, in King-ſtreet.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed, at TIMOTHY and BODEN's Office, in the State-Houſe, where Advertiſements, &c. are received.